Swiss flagons and tankards - some notes.



Please note:

These notes were produced to illustrate a talk given in March 1996.

Jan Gadd, June -95.

Swiss flagons and tankards - some makes.

Bauch flagons (Bauchkanne).

From Bauch = "gut" or abdomen.
Also known as Wallis Wine Flagons.
Squat, round main body on raised,
"concave-on-convex" foot ring.
Tall neck with a band half way up.
Wide, funnel like top with formed spout.
Flat, heart shaped lid (French style);
small flagons often without finial but with double acorn on wedge thumb piece,
medium size sometimes with dolphin or ram's head finial and double acorn thumb piece,
large size often with ram's head finial and double ram's head thumb piece and with a pewter chain from two knobs.
Strap handle. Marks on lid.









Bauch flagons

Common in; Town, area, mark

Wallis Canton (Brig etc)



Typical makers, marks

Pier Antoin Simaval, c. 1750,



Joan Storno, c. 1750,



Giovanni del Barba, c. 1830, W





J. Alvazzi, c. 1790



Alvazzi e Castel, c. 1810, W



Paulo Giuseppe Maciago, c. 1780, Brig W



Pierre Roze I and II, c. 1660 and 1690



Jean Antoine Charton, c. 1690,





Etienne Magnin, c. 1710-20, Vevey







Pierre-André Utin, c. 1730, Vevey



Geneva



Vevey



Kelch flagons

From Kelch = goblet, (turned upside down).
Mainly French speaking area.
Shouldered main body on a low,
splayed foot, (similar to a Normandy
Flagon).
All other features from shoulder up
identical to the Bauch Flagon.
Rarely decorated. Marks on lid.

Common in; Town, area, mark

Wallis (Brig etc)



Geneva

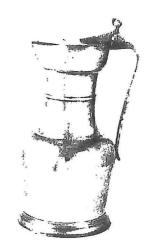


Lausanne



Vevey





Typical makers, marks

Alvazzi e Castel - see above

Paulo Giuseppe Maciago, - see above

Jean Bourelier, c. 1720, Geneva











Jean Antoine Charton, - see above

Frédéric Reuchlin, c. 1780, Lausanne









Pierre-André Utin, -see above

Stize Flagons

Mostly flared barrels similar to Strasbourg/Württemberg styles.

Marks normally on handle.

Type I - Schnabelstize:

Schnabel = beak suggests the name of this spouted flagon.

Mostly Germanic spouts with double facets but single facetted or smoothly curved spouts not uncommon.

Invariably a single dome lid to hold heart shaped spout cover, somtimes with an upturned "nib", with or without finial. Zürich/Basel types mostly with finials.

Mostly Chair thumb piece with "turned" top ridge and a similar "turned" feature at the handle terminal. Feather thumb piece not uncommon on all Stizen.

Strap handle.

Midriff banding uncommon.







Stize Flagons

Type I - Schnabelstize

Common in; Town, area, mark

Chur



Zürich



Basel



Zug



Zofingen



Typical makers, marks

Herkules de Cadenath II, c. 1750 Chur







Johann Ulrich Bauer III, c. 1750





Mathaeus Bauer II, c. 1790 Chur



Hans Heinrich Bosshard, c. 1760 Zürich







Anna Elisabeth Manz, c. 1780 Zürich





Johannes Weber, c. 1750 Zürich







Johann Zimmermann I and II, c. 1750 and 1800 resp.













Niklaus Übelin I and II, c. 1680 and 1720-30 resp. Basel









Emmanuel Streckeisen I, c. 1770-80, Basel



Emmanuel Scholer IV, c.1750, Basel





Joachim Leonz Keiser, c. 1770, Zug





Daniel Rudolf I, c. 1740, Zofingen

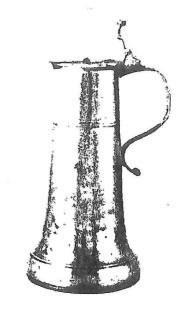


Type II - Stize:

Formed spout and flat, heart shaped lid sometimes with a protruding "dent" as a finial or with a central dome holding a cast finial. Other features are similar to the Schnabelstize.

Midriff banding uncommon.

Production areas and makers: see Type I.



Type III - Bartmannstize:

Bart = beard and the name "Bearded Man Flagon" was given to these flagons with a relief cast spout in the shape of a man's head.

Common in; Town, area, mark

Solothurm



Zofingen



Typical makers, marks

Wolfgang Meyer, c. 1700, Solothurn



Joseph Graff, c. 1730, Solothurn







Johann Friedrich Lang, c. 1750, Zofingen







Type IV - Freiburgstize:

Straight sided, tapering barrel up to a band, some 2/3 up the barrel and from there cylindrical up to the lid. (Looks like an acoustic loud hailer.) Other features as per I and II above. Solothurnstizen too have almost straight sided barrels but all the way to the lid.

Common in; Town, area, mark

Typical makers, marks

Joseph Perret, c. 1700, Freiburg













Guérin Bernard, c. 1710, Freiburg

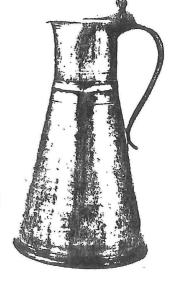




Wolfgang Meyer, c. 1700 - see above







Glocken flagons (Glockenkannen)

Bell shaped with hinge-lidded hexagon spout, bayonet-locking lid with fixed cirkular carrying handle. Types from Schaffhausen and Elgg often with screw top. Types from Elgg also often with screw-on spout lid with safety chain. Mostly with name shield on barrel, fixed at an angle. Often engraved on barrel around spout. Marks on spout lid.



Common in; Town, area, mark Zürich



Elgg



Schaffhausen



Steckborn



Zug



St. Gallen



Typical makers, marks

Hans Heinrich Bosshard, - see above, Zürich

Hans Rudolph Manz, c. 1800, Zürich









Johann Heinrich Peter, c. 1800, Elgg







Andreas Moser, c. 1790, Schaffhausen







Andreas Wüger IV, c. 1790-1800, Steckborn







Joachim Leonz Keiser, see above Zug

Hans Jakob Schirmer, c. 1720, St. Gallen



George Stähelin, c. 1740, St. Gallen

Prismen flagons (Prismenkannen)

Six or eight- sided flagons with hexagonal hinge-lidded spout and screw top lid with carrying ring. Octagonal types rare. Also known as "Screw-top flagons" (Schraubenkannen). Both Glocken and Prismen types made without spouts (bottles). Screw-on spout lid witha safety chain not uncommon. Often well engraved. Marks on spout lid. Three barrel shapes can be observed; 1. Without a foot.

2. With a small, flared foot.

3. "Kranzkanne" or wreath flagons flare out towards a relief cast foot.

(Lange of Chur)









Prismen flagons (Prismenkannen)

Common in; Town, area, mark

Typical makers, marks

Chur



Johann Ulrich Bauer III, - see above, Chur

Mathaeus Bauer II, c. 1790, Chur







Johann Jakob Ulrich Bauer, c. 1820, Chur











Heinrich Wilhelm Lange, c. 1840, Chur









Hans Heinrich Bossard - see above

Anna Elisabeth and Hans Rudolph Manz - see above

Abraham and Adrian Hiller I, c.1750 and 1780, St. Galle

St Gallen

Zürich



Steckborn



Andreas Wüger IV - see above, Steckborn



Bern flagons

Type I - Kürbiskanne

Kürbis = gourd (or pumpkin)
Circular body on a raised, sometimes
square-sided foot. Tall, often slender neck
with or without banding ending in a funnel
like wide rim with a shaped spout. French
style heart shaped lid. Often the characteristic
"question mark" handle. Often plain, chair back
thumb pieces. Marks on lid.





Common in; Town, area, mark
Bern



Neuchatel



Biel



Typical makers, marks

Johann Küpfer, c. 1700, Bern











Jakob Ganting, c. 1710, Bern







Daniel Hemman, c. 1730, Bern





Jean Jacques Chatelain, c. 1730, Neuchatel









Charles Thonnet, c. 1750, Neuchatel





Friedrich Niclaus Hemmet, c. 1780, Biel-





Bern flagons

Type II - Stegkanne

Steg means foot bridge or landing stage.

Made in two sizes only; full measure of
180 cl and half of 90 cl.

Closely related to the Kürbiskanne but the
lid is domed with a finial and the thumb
pieces are usually better, feather types
common. The "steg" often in the shape of a hand
holding on to the long spout. Handles are "question
mark" type and the Rudolf family of Zofingen included
a "slip-hook" on the inside of their handles (from c.1650-1800!)

Marks on lid.

This type also found in Bavaria (Ulm).



Bern



Zofingen



Zürich



Vevey





Abraham Ganting, c. 1750, Bern



Johann Heinrich Petersohn, c. 1770, Bern







Ludwig Roder, c. 1780, Bern









David Rudolf II, c. 1750, Zofingen









Hans Jakob Steiner, c.1680, Züricl

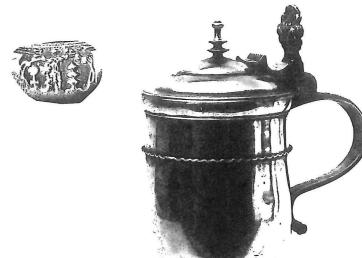




André Utin, - see above Vevey

Humpen

Cylindrical on a flared foot, single, or more often double dome lid with often pine cone finial. Strap handle with feather or chair back thumb piece. A slight downward taper common (very similar to the sqat Richard Pitts spire flagon). Some Zürich examples taper the other way. Often richly engraved and also carry "extra" decorative features. 17th Century types with slightly flared sides and no easy to confuse with the Tirol/Bavarian types of the same period. Marks on lid, handle or underneath.



Common in; Town, area, mark

Zürich



St Gallen



Zofingen

Biel



Bern



Rapperswil



Typical makers, marks

Hans Heinrich Bossard - see above

Johann Zimmermann I -see above

Anna Elisabeth Manz -see above

Johannes Weber, c. 1750, Zürich







Andreas Wirz I, c.1750, Zürich





Jakob Glinz, c. 1740, St. Gallen



Johann Friedrich Lang, -see above, Zofingen

David Witz II and III, c. 1720 and 1750, Biel





Jakob Wyss II, c. 1650, Bern







Franz Reimann, c. 1720, Rapperswil

